

Pediatric Anoxic Brain Injury – Table 5

Rehabilitation treatment/intervention	Details
Medical care/nursing	Ongoing monitoring of medical issues–infection, electrolyte imbalance, dehydration, thrombosis, spasticity management, monitor for altered mental status, monitor vital signs, intake output, recognize any change in status
Physical therapy	Range of motion, stretching, strengthening, standing, transfers, evaluation for splints/braces and equipment evaluation
Occupational therapy	Range of motion, evaluation of activities of daily living, visuospatial and visuo-perceptual deficits, assistive devices
Speech therapy	Evaluation of swallow function, cognition, speech, memory assessment
Neuropsychology	Cognitive evaluation – thinking, processing information, strategies to deal with behavioral problems, evaluation of intellectual function
Child life/dietary/care coordination	Reintegration into community, coping strategies, support to child and family, nutritional stability, coordinate care with funding source