Table 1. Energetics - Basic Definitions,3,5

| Physiologic State | Oxygen consumed $(\mathbf{m l ~ O}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathbf{2} / \mathbf{k g} / \mathbf{m i n})$ | Calories Consumed $\left(\mathbf{k J} / \mathbf{m}^{\mathbf{2} / \mathbf{h r})}\right.$ |  |
| At Rest | Resting oxygen consumption | Basal Metabolic Rate $(\mathrm{BMR})$ |
| For a given activity | Oxygen Consumption $\left(\mathrm{VO}_{2}\right)$ | Metabolic Equivalent - (MET*) |
| With maximal exertion | Maximal Aerobic Capacity $\left(\mathrm{VO}_{2 \mathrm{Max}}{ }^{* *}\right)$ |  |

*MET is a multiple of BMR, defined as $3.5 \mathrm{ml} 02 / \mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{min}$
** $\mathrm{VO}_{2}$ max dictates functional ability and is normally achieved within 8-12 minutes of exercise. Note: Metabolism switches from aerobic to anaerobic at 55-65\% of $\mathrm{VO}_{2 \text { Max }}$ for untrained subjects.

